



**Biomass Low cost Advanced Zero Emission small-to-medium  
scale integrated gasifier-fuel cell combined heat and power plant  
(GA No. 815284)**

# **SOFC power production from BFB producer gas**

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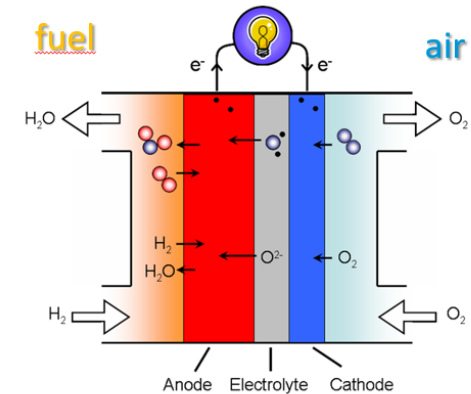




# SOFC basics

## Fuel Cell Technology

- Like a battery, a **fuel cell** generates electricity through an **electrochemical reaction**
- Electricity can be produced continuously 24/7, as long as a fuel is provided
- The device is **clean, highly efficient, reliable** and **silent** (no combustion, no moving part)
- Similar to a rechargeable battery, electric power can be also put into the fuel cell in reverse mode to **generate Hydrogen**



## SolydEra's SOFC technology

- SolydEra's fuel cells are **Solid Oxide Fuel Cells** ("SOFC")
- SOFC can operate using a **wide range of fuels**, including natural gas, hydrogen, propane/butane mixtures (LPG), ammonia, biogas and syngas
- SOFC offers high temperature **heat for cogeneration**





# SolydEra at a glance



## Products

vertically integrated end-to-end fuel cell technology provider  
ready to enter green hydrogen production



Stack

Stack  
Module

Fuel Cell  
module

System

## Partners & Affiliations



**BOSCH**



## Group structure



HEINSBERG  
GERMANY

Assembling

MEZZOLOMBARDO  
ITALY

R&D, Pilot  
Production

PERGINE VALSUGANA  
ITALY

Stack Manufacturing,  
Head Quarters

YVERDON  
SWITZERLAND

R&D Center

MELBOURNE  
AUSTRALIA

R&D Center

## Facts & figures

2,700+  
units  
installed

250+  
customers

80 GWh  
energy  
produced

Products  
sales in **17**  
countries

60M  
hours of  
operation





# SolydEra at a glance



## AUTOMATED STACK MANUFACTURING PLANT



**25 MW**  
on 2 shifts



**1mn**  
cells/year



**60**  
stacks/day

**SolydEra**



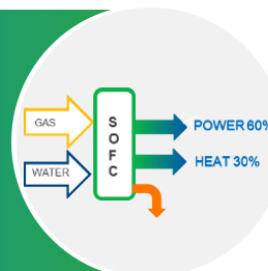
# SolydEra at a glance

## One stack – multiple applications



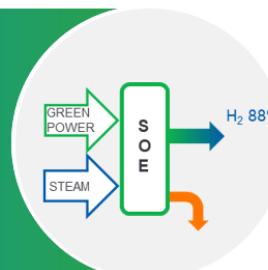
### GAS-TO-POWER

High efficiency Power and Heat production by using multiple fuels, including natural gas, H<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>/gas blends



### POWER-TO-GAS

Conversion of steam into H<sub>2</sub> by using electricity for hard-to-abate industrial sectors and transportation



### POWER-TO-POWER

Reversible SOFC systems integrated with H<sub>2</sub> storage in order to decouple electricity production and use



## Applications

### Industrial solutions

Integration of stacks for electrolysis and industrial sectors (e.g. green steel, synthetic fuel, marine sector, chemical industry)

### Professional solutions

Integration of fuel cell modules into technical solutions of professional integrators (e.g. data centres)

### Commercial solutions

Sales of power generators and co-generators to commercial customers (residential, retail, hospitality, offices, transport)







## Supply of SOFC unit for demonstrator:

- Power output 25 kWe, integrating 4 stacks of 6.5 kWe
- Fuel: hydrogen or steam-reformed methane, with a maximum convertible  $H_2$  flow of 280 slm, or a maximum convertible  $CH_4$  flow of 70NI/min, at 80% fuel utilization
- Oxidant: Air, with a maximum tolerated flow 5600 slm
- Operating temperature » 750 °C (inlet 690, exhaust 790 °C)
- Maximum stack electrical efficiency: 50%
- Dimensions: 1699 x 792 x 1385 mm
- Weight: 1505 kg

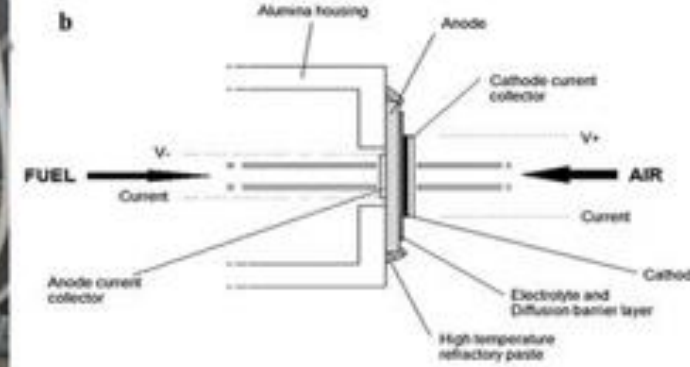
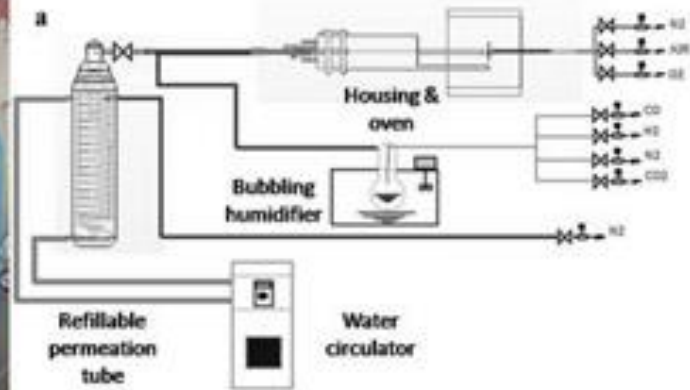


# SOFC activities in Blaze

## Supporting activities:

- Literature study about feeding SOFC with producer gas (SolydEra)
- Extensive experimental research
  - Mechanistic study on single cells (ENEA)
  - Long term tests on small stacks (EPFL)







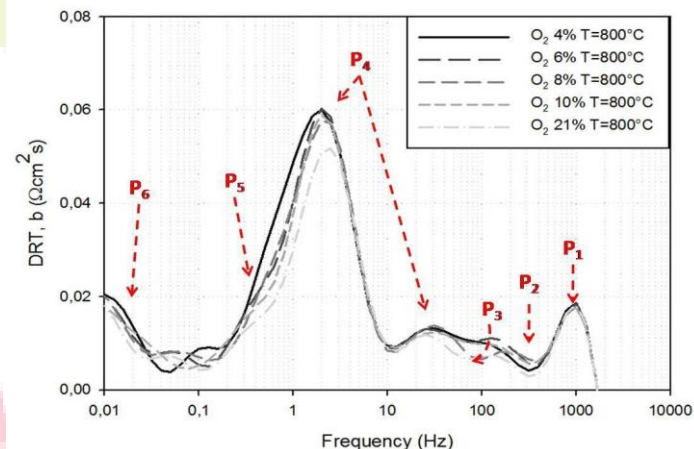


# SOFC activities in Blaze

Approach mechanistic study:

- Impact of main compounds in producer gas
- Impact of fast tars (here: toluene)
- Impact of slow tars (here: naphthalene)
- Impact of sulphur
- Combined effects
- Durability up to 150 h

Extensive test matrix executed, including electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS).

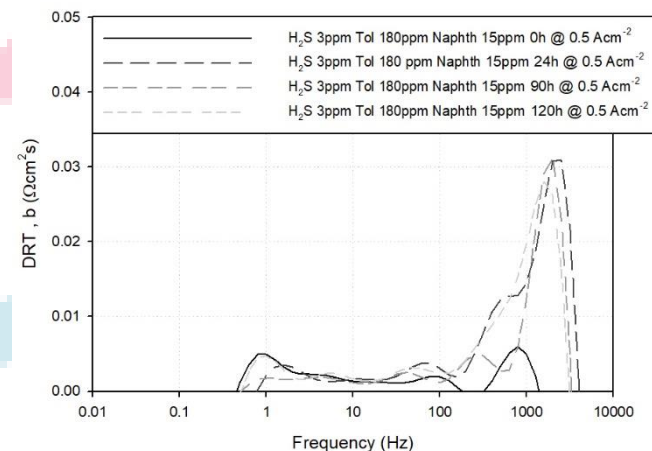
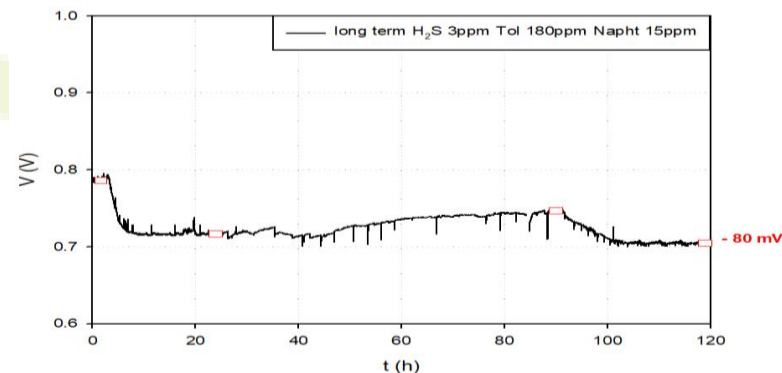


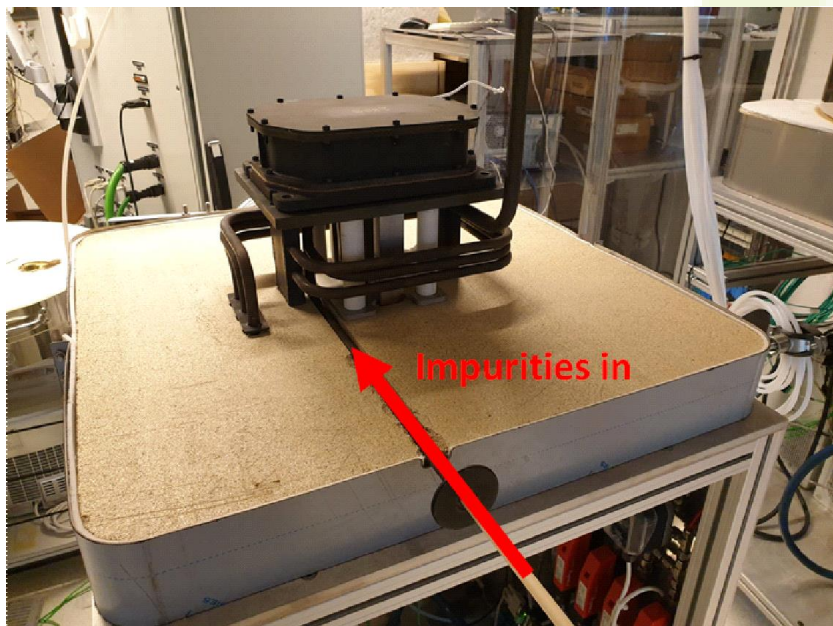
## Outcomes mechanistic study:

- Performance OK under clean producer gas
- Deactivation under naphthalene and S
- No deactivation under toluene, but test time was perhaps too short
- Sometimes alleviating effects observed when contaminants were simultaneously introduced
- Poisoning generally by deactivating charge transfer reaction in fuel electrode

## Post mortem analysis:

- No signs of poisoning, which indicates of adsorption/desorption poisoning mechanisms





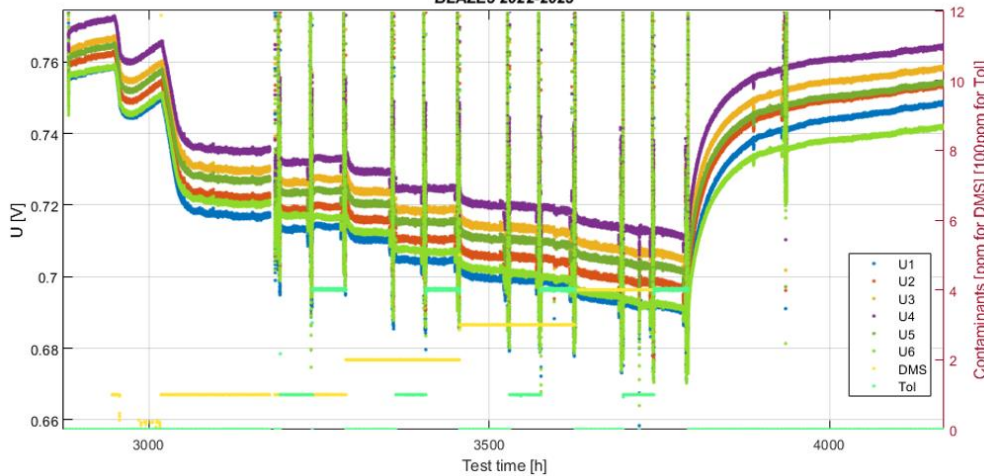
Three long term tests on short stacks:

- 9000 h test under clean producer gas
- 7000 h test including S + toluene
- 5500 h test including S + toluene + HCl (still running)

Extensive electrochemical characterization by recording I-V curves and performing EIS

Gas analysis on both feed and exhaust gases

U cells and contaminants (DMS, Toluene)  
BLAZE3 2022-2023



## Outcomes:

- Performance OK under clean producer gas: degradation  $0.5\% \text{ kh}^{-1}$
- Stronger poisoning effect S than observed at ENEA (already at 0.2 ppm)
- No impact of toluene up to 400 ppm
- Poisoning S not alleviated by toluene
- Impact of HCl not yet determined



# Conclusions

To cut the long story short:

- 25 kWe SOFC unit from SolydEra will work well with clean producer gas
- Detrimental contaminants: S and naphthalene (representing slow tars)
- Likely not harmful: toluene (representing fast tars)
- To be confirmed: tolerance level of HCl (expectedly > 500 ppm)

Approach for final demonstrator:

- Conservative approach regarding contaminants → deep cleaning on all compounds

Long term outlook:

- Larger deployment of SOFC in CHP generation form producer gas
- Both small to medium sized systems (25 – 500 kWe)
- Further cost reduction and appropriate scaling of SOFC anticipated







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